

Emile Esquire

From: Emile Esquire <emile@enviroafrica.co.za>
Sent: Thursday, 30 August 2018 4:10 PM
To: 'Natasha Higgitt'
Cc: 'EnviroAfrica :Admin'
Subject: RE: Proposed development of a 25m high telecommunication mast on erf 542, Main Road, Kleinsee, Northern Cape

Dear Natasha,

Your email dated 24 August 2018, refers.

Please note that an application will be created and uploaded onto SAHRIS in due course.

EnviroAfrica appointed CTS Heritage to load the required documents onto SAHRIS.

I will let you know when the aforementioned documents were loaded onto SAHRIS.

Kind regards,

Emile Esquire



EnviroAfrica

Environmental Consultant

EnviroAfrica cc

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From: Natasha Higgitt <nhiggitt@sahra.org.za>

Sent: August 24, 2018 12:55 PM

To: admin@enviroafrica.co.za

Subject: Proposed development of a 25m high telecommunication mast on erf 542, Main Road, Kleinsee, Northern Cape

Good afternoon,

Thank you for notifying SAHRA of the proposed development. Please note that all development applications are processed via our online portal, the South African Heritage Resources Information System (SAHRIS) found at the following link: <http://sahra.org.za/sahris/>. We do not accept emailed, posted, hardcopy, faxed, website links or DropBox links as official submissions.

Please create an application on SAHRIS and upload all documents pertaining to the Environmental Authorisation Application Process. As per section 38(8) of the National Heritage Resources Act, Act 25 of 1999 (NHRA), an assessment of heritage resources must form part of the process and the assessment must comply with section 38(3) of the NHRA.

Once all documents including all appendices are uploaded to the case application, please ensure that the status of the case is changed from DRAFT to SUBMITTED. Please ensure that all documents produced as part of the EA process are submitted as part of the application, and are submitted to SAHRA at the beginning of the Public Review periods. Once all these documents have been uploaded, I will be able to issue an informed comment as per section 38(4) and 38(8) of the NHRA.

Kind regards,
Natasha Higgitt

Natasha Higgitt

Heritage Officer: Archaeology, Palaeontology and Meteorites Unit

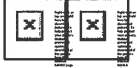
South African Heritage Resources Agency

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the 1990s, the number of people in the world who are illiterate has increased from 1.2 billion to 1.5 billion.

There are a number of reasons for this. One is that the population of the world is growing. Another is that the number of people who are illiterate is increasing in many of the developing countries. This is because of a number of factors, including a lack of access to education, a lack of resources, and a lack of political will.

One of the main reasons for the increase in illiteracy is the lack of access to education. In many developing countries, there are not enough schools, and the quality of education is poor. This means that many children do not go to school, and those who do go often do not learn to read and write.

Another reason for the increase in illiteracy is the lack of resources. In many developing countries, there is a lack of money to invest in education. This means that there are not enough teachers, and the schools are often overcrowded. This makes it difficult for children to learn.

A third reason for the increase in illiteracy is the lack of political will. In many developing countries, the government does not prioritize education. This means that there is not enough money spent on education, and the quality of education is poor. This makes it difficult for children to learn.

There are a number of ways to reduce the number of illiterate people in the world. One way is to increase access to education. This can be done by building more schools, and by improving the quality of education. Another way is to increase resources for education. This can be done by increasing the amount of money spent on education, and by recruiting more teachers.

Finally, it is important to have political will to prioritize education. This means that the government must be committed to investing in education, and to improving the quality of education. Only then can we hope to reduce the number of illiterate people in the world.

There are a number of ways to measure illiteracy. One way is to count the number of people who cannot read and write.

Another way is to measure the number of people who cannot read and write at a basic level. This is often done by testing people on their ability to read and write simple words and sentences. This is a more accurate measure of illiteracy, because it takes into account the quality of education.

There are a number of factors that can affect the number of illiterate people in a country. One factor is the level of economic development. In general, the more developed a country is, the fewer illiterate people there are.

Another factor is the level of political stability. In general, the more stable a country is, the fewer illiterate people there are. This is because political stability allows for a more consistent investment in education.

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Proposed development of a 25m high telecommunication mast on Erf 542, Main Road, Kleinsee, Northern Cape.

Our Ref:



an agency of the
Department of Arts and Culture

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Enquiries: Natasha Higgitt
Tel: 021 462 4502
Email: nhiggitt@sahra.org.za
CaselD: 12894

Date: Wednesday October 03, 2018
Page No: 1

Interim Comment

In terms of Section 38(8) of the National Heritage Resources Act (Act 25 of 1999)

Attention: Enviroafrica CC

PO Box 5367
Heilderberg
7135

Proposed development of a 25m high telecommunication mast on Erf 542, Main Road, Kleinsee, Northern Cape.

EnviroAfrica CC has been appointed to conduct an Environmental Authorisation (EA) application process for the proposed telecommunications mast on Erf 542, Main Road, Kleinsee, Northern Cape. The proposed mast will be 25 m high.

CTS Heritage was appointed to provide a Heritage Impact Assessment as per section 38(8) of the National Heritage Resources Act, Act 25 of 1999 (NHRA) as part of the EA process

Lavin, J. 2018. Heritage Screening Assessment for the proposed construction of a 25m high telecommunication mast on Erf 542, Main Road, Kleinsee, Northern Cape.

The submitted document notes that no heritage resources will be impacted and that no further heritage studies are required.

Pether, J. 2018. Palaeontological Assessment – Letter of Exemption. Proposed development of a 25m high telecommunication mast on erf 542, Main Road, Kleinsee, Northern Cape.

The proposed development footprint is underlain by an area that is of very low sensitivity in terms of palaeontological resources, as the underlying bedrock (Steinkopf and Brandewynsbank gneiss) is completely unfossiliferous. Overlying red aeolian sand and pediment deposits, and the marine deposits of the Kleinsee, Avontuur and Hondeklipbaai formations are located in the area. Fossil marine shells are not well preserved in the formations, but occasional antelope bone and teeth fragments occur.

Given the location of the development, fossil bones of terrestrial and river-dwelling animals may occur,

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however, due to the size of the development, it is improbable that a concentration of fossil bones will be encountered. A Fossil Finds procedure has been submitted that details the steps to follow if fossils are uncovered.

Interim Comment

The SAHRA Archaeology, Palaeontology and Meteorites (APM) Unit requests that the Basic Assessment Report (BAR) and appendices are uploaded to the SAHRIS Case application so that an informed comment may be issued.

Further comments will be issued upon receipt of the above.

Should you have any further queries, please contact the designated official using the case number quoted above in the case header.

Yours faithfully

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Natasha Higgitt', written over a horizontal line.

Natasha Higgitt
Heritage Officer
South African Heritage Resources Agency

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Phillip Hine', written over a horizontal line.

Phillip Hine
Acting Manager: Archaeology, Palaeontology and Meteorites Unit
South African Heritage Resources Agency

Proposed development of a 25m high telecommunication mast on Erf 542, Main Road, Kleinsee, Northern Cape.

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Date: Wednesday October 03, 2018
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ADMIN:
Direct URL to case: <http://www.sahra.org.za/node/511857>

Emile Esquire

From: Emile Esquire <emile@enviroafrica.co.za>
Sent: Monday, 08 October 2018 3:27 PM
To: 'Natasha Higgitt'
Cc: 'EnviroAfrica :Admin'
Subject: PPP - Proposed development of a 25m high telecommunication mast on Erf 542, Main Road, Kleinsee, Northern Cape (SAHRA CaseID: 12894)

Dear Natasha,

I hereby acknowledge receipt of your comment dated 03 October, 2018.

Please note that your comment is duly noted.

The BAR will go out for public comment in due course.

I will let you know when CTS Heritage uploaded the BAR onto SAHRIS.

Kind regards,

Emile Esquire



EnviroAfrica

Environmental Consultant

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