

PROPOSED TOWNSHIP DEVELOPMENT, PLOT 1890, REMAINDER OF FARM 144 AND REMAINDER OF FARM 142, BOEGOEBERG, !KHEIS LOCAL MUNICIPALITY

APPLICANT: !Kheis Local Municipality

COMMENT AND RESPONSE REPORT

(DENC Ref. No: NC/EIA/12/ZFM/!KHE/BOE1/2020)

No.	Comment Date, Comment Format, Organisation/I&AP	Comment	Response from EAP/Applicant/Specialist/Project Manager Please note: All registered I&APs will be given the opportunity to comment on the draft EIR.
	J. J	Comment on Initial Public Particip	pation
	P . 4. 47/00/0000	Gariep Watch is a civic society organisation that endeavours to protect the lower Orange River through effective monitoring and data collection, improved communication by role-players and the enhancement of public participation. We noted your abovementioned NEMA Public Participation Process (Ref. 0512) for a new township development at Topline, with much concern.	Respondent: EAP Noted. Thanks for your comment.
1	Date: 17/06/2020 Format: Email Letter I&AP: Gariep Watch (Chairman: Mr Ferdie Botha/ Technical Advisor: Mr Fritz Bekker)	including the river reach flowing through the !Kheis Local Municipalities	Respondent: EAP Noted, issues relating to the water quality and sewage infrastructure will be addressed in the Environmental Impact Report (EIR). A Freshwater Assessment, and Engineering Report detailing services infrastructure, will be included in the EIR.

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		The photographs in Figure 1 show some of the oxidation dam systems encountered at !Kheis Local Municipality during 2019. Figure 1: Oxidation dam systems at !Kheis Local Municipality (2019) The extension of existing townships that already have inadequate, unmaintained or unused sewerage infrastructure will only aggravate their pollution risk towards the downstream environment. We therefore object to any new township development in the !Kheis Local Municipality and request the following information: 1. A list of all new proposed township developments in the !Kheis Local Municipality where EnviroAfrica CC is the appointed environmental practitioner. 2. Details pertaining to new sewerage infrastructure that are planned for these developments. Please also register Gariep Watch as an I&AP for these new township developments.	 Requested information has been sent to the I&AP. Noted, this will be addressed in the EIR. An Engineering Report detailing services infrastructure, will be included in the EIR. Noted, Gariep Watch has been registered as an I&AP.

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2	Date: 19 th May 2020 Format: Email Letter I&AP: Kobus Buys (KYTO Operations)	1. Herewith our registration as I&AP to abovementioned. 2. Information of our company as follow: Name: KYTO Operations (Abattoir located next to development) Address: Portion 16 of Farm Boegoeberg Settlement no.46 Contact Details: kobus@k2o.co.za or 054-8330041	Respondent: EAP Noted. KYTO Operations have been registered as an I&AP.
3		We Daniel, Friedrich Johan Heese of ID 5804195040084 and Maryna Heese of ID 5910030127083 owners of Lot 586 and 1464, part of Lot 1028 of the Boegoeberg Settlement, would like to register as Interested & Affected Parties regarding the proposed Township Development. We would like to affirm our personal and financial interest in the development. Kindly contact us on the following e-mail addresses: marynaheese@gmail.com and dh58zar@gmail.com.	Respondent: EAP Noted. You have been registered as an I&AP.
	Date: 29 th June 2020 Format: Email Letter I&AP: Maryna Heese	As Interested and Affected individuals we like to comment on the new Township referenced above. Your company name allowed me to have hope that behind this new development we might find a group of people that earnestly are interested in developing a sustainable environment. The words in quotation marks come from a study of the use of earth-pipes to cool air. "Rational use of energy and power is a key to the economic	Respondent: EAP Noted with thanks. This application for Environmental Authorisation is in line with the National Environmental Management Act (NEMA).
4		development of human society and to achieve sustainable environment." https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S187661021403266 Some areas for consideration is cooling and heating of houses in an area known for very hot summers and very cold winters. If the energy exerted in digging trenches for pipes, that will form part of the water reticulation infrastructure can double up for eco-friendly earth cooling and heating systems as explained in the above link, it can be a worthwhile economic model. I am hoping that an overarching	Noted. Thank you for your research into the subject. An Engineering Report detailing services infrastructure, will also be included in the EIR.

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		management function will form part of the project and that all these elements of development can be co-ordinated, overseen and all opportunities to incorporate cost-effective and ecologically sustainable solutions utilized. For example, when the foundations for homes are being dug, the alternative cooling systems installed. Boegoeberg development can become a pilot project for arid community development.	Noted, this will be addressed by the Municipality (Applicant) and/or town planners in the EIR.
		Parks, Sport and recreational space, bigger plots and proper roads are some other concerns. I do not have any experience in the above, but do have experience in waterless sanitation options. I have compiled some thoughts, experience from others and links pertaining to waterless sanitation for your consideration.	planners in the EIK.
		Do forgive me if the sanitation document is far too simplistic or lay-men orientated, but I have no idea who will read this letter and the document.	
		Interested and Affected Individuals, from lot 586/and 1464 that from part of lot 1018, as part of the Boegoeberg Community, one of the closest lots to the new proposed Township.	
		Kind regards Daniel and Maryna Heese	
		Regarded members of the Municipality,	Respondent: EAP
		Re. Toilets	
		I would like to share some thoughts with you regarding the proposed new development.	
5		1. TOILETS. We live in a water-scarce country and the water-sources needed to have flush toilets is simply not sustainable in the long run. I have been involved with a KZN NGO in a deep rural area of South-Africa in the Umkhanyakude District. We also have severe water challenges. We in collaboration with Oxfam Australia experimented with alternatives to Flush toilets and Long-Drop Pit latrines. That was my first introduction in waterless technology. We tested two models, one a commercial self-contained unit from Enviro-loo (pictured below) that was costly and a combination of a urine-diversion seat with self-	Noted with thanks. The Municipality (Applicant) and/or planners will address service delivery in the EIR. An Engineering Report detailing services infrastructure, will also be included in the EIR.

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	o.go	constructed chamber options. I am happy to share our limited experience with you, but highly recommend the far superior functioning model for thousands of people, that can be found with Durban Municipality (eThekwini Municipality). They had been busy with waterless sanitation technology for over 12 years. I have supplied links to websites that explain technically on various levels, the challenges faced with introduction, the success and the research done with various options. So I have pasted both the success and failures and the reason for the failures.	
		 2. I will attempt to explain in layman's terms the principle behind different sanitation systems. • In pit latrines the urine and faeces are mixed and seepage into the groundwater a reality. Apart from its environmental danger, it is often times not accepted as an option and seen as an insult to a person's humanity. The aspiration of the average person is for a flush toilet as shown in some or the articles in the websites quoted. 	
		Flush toilets in a water-scares country is not a long term solution in any community and all communities should re-consider the cost of using cleaned water to flush toilets.	
		Ablution blocks for communal use of facilities is not an option. Most people would not feel safe to walk to a communal ablution at night and I personally feels that dealing with your own bodily waste and household waste makes us responsible humans.	
		Urine separating systems. An extract from a document	
		The UDDTs provide the following benefits: (1) waterless operation; (2) no odour when correctly used and maintained; (3) treated faecal matter is dry, odourless and less offensive; (4) does not attract flies or other vectors; (5) treated faecal matter is partially sanitised and safer to handle; (6) aboveground design or use of containers in belowground vaults makes emptying simple; (7) minimal risk of contamination of ground and surface water resources; (8) possibility of aboveground design facilitates construction in challenging environments; and (9) possibility of construction in close proximity to or inside of the home	

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		adds security and convenience for users (Rieck <i>et al.</i> 2012). https://iwaponline.com/washdev/article/7/1/111/30518/Urine-diversion-dry-toilets-in-eThekwin URINE SEPERATING TOILETS. This is the system I would like to propose.	
		Separating urine from faeces allows the faeces to dry out completely, killing pathogens (harmful micro-organisms) and make it manageable. The faeces dries like dog poop in the sun and become small and brittle and whitish. Because it is a waterless system, water is used for household and garden growing. There are various methods to separate urine and faeces.	
		1. ENVIRO-LOOS	
		The Enviro loos system allow both urine and faeces to enter the chamber together and then the content falls on a sloped perforated surfacea hard plastic sheet with holes at an angle, that allows the urine to seep through the holes into the bottom enclosed chamber, with a pipe that leads to a urine soak-away pit nearby. The faeces then dries out, needs to be raked to the back of the box from time to time and then the hard dry faeces needs to be collected after a year or more to be disposed of. The challenge with this system is that the holes can block and the angle is not steep enough for the faeces to slide down. They remain wetter longer and there is an extraction fan at the top of the chimney to eliminate most smells.	
		It needs a full sun site , additional power for the extraction fan and people living higher might still get a whiff from the extraction fans, but the biggest deterrent is possibly the cost, it is more expensive . It is the best application for schools and community halls as seen in the photo below. The two glass tops are for the urinals. It is a very good method of coping with the urine. The urine dries into crystals. https://www.greenloo.org/enviro-loo-urinal.php	
		2. URINE SEPERATION TWO CHAMBER SYSTEM	
		a. An attempt is made to separate urine from faeces before the faeces drops down the seat. It is important for the success and	

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	Organisation/IGA	acceptance of the systems to buy white high quality urine separation pedestals/seats. As can be seen in the photo below the system can be incorporated into the bathroom. It is advised to incorporation of a urinal against the wall in the blue bathroom picture as well. The urine can be collected in the same container the seat urine is diverted to.	Common on the Grant End
		b. Build a two chamber system . Faeces are collected in one chamber until it is full, the seat is then removed and placed over the new empty chamber. The seal of the empty chamber is placed over the full chamber. The full chamber is left like it is until the second chamber is almost full. By now the faeces should be dried out. The dried out faeces is accessed through the sealed back wall and either disposed of or ground up and used as fertilizer in agricultural applications. The municipality can collect and dispose of the dried faeces.	
		c. The selection of the site: It is vital for the optimal drying of the faeces that the back wall of the bathroom unit face North . To increase the absorption of the sun rays the back panel and the chimney should be painted black or be manufactured from hard black plastic. Place a mosquito net above the chimney. The bigger the chimney the greater the up draft and reduced smell.	
		d. The urine can be diverted to a soak away, or a solar evaporation site similar to the environ system or utilized in a diluted form in agriculture. It is important to be aware of the hesitance of local communities to use human waste in any form as part of a greater agricultural system and extensive community awareness activities should accompany such use.	
		e. By placing a bucket of sand, ash or sawdust next to the toilet with a little scoop, visual unpleasantness and smell will be further reduced. In addition, the material like ash or sand can accelerate the drying time.	
		f. Should flies find their way into the system, they would try to get out and the only light will be at the top of the chimney that is sealed with a mosquito net. The flies will then fly up and down the chimney until they die . It is highly unlikely if the seat remains closed.	

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		In the image above the toilet stool is a porcelain seat, that can also stand on its own, going straight downward without the u-trap of standard toilet seats. To the right on the photo is a urinal, for the use of men, with an outlet that joins the urine caught with the separate division in the seat. This photo was sourced form https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Urine-diverting_dry_toilet, an example from Peru.	
		This is what a urine separation seat can look like. The front chamber catches the urine and the dark blue is where the faeces drops down into the chamber. In this photograph there is a division that is not there. It is a pipe that have straight sides.	
		This is local, South-African manufactured urinals on the market. It is advisable that the pipes should take the shortest route out, but protected from sun and damage.	
		Additional resources: 1.http://www.wrc.org.za/wpcontent/uploads/mdocs/Demonstrating%20 New%20Sanitation%20Solutions%20through%20the%20Engineering %20Field%20Testing%20Platform%20in%20eThekwini.pdf	
		This is a very comprehensive study for waterless Sanitation options as done in eThekwini (DURBAN) 2. http://www.susana.org/_resources/documents/default/2-	
		874technology-review-of-uddts-18-june-2013.pdf	
		A comprehensive document filled with options and diagnostic fault finding.	
		3.https://iwaponline.com/washdev/article/7/1/111/30518/Urinediversion-dry-toilets-in-eThekwini Introduction challenges faced in eThekweni (Durban)	
		4.http://ccaa.irisyorku.ca/2011/07/flushing-out-the-realities-of-urine-diversion-toilets-in-south-africa%E2%80%99s-ethekwini-municipality/	
		5. https://researchspace.csir.co.za/dspace/handle/10204/839	
		6. https://www.fsmtoolbox.com/assets/pdf/269Complete.pdf	
		7. https://www.greenloo.org/enviro-loo-urinal.php	

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Respondent: !Kheis Local Municipality Response on Initial PP (Appendix 1E.9)

!Kheis Municipality exercises its executive functions within its boundaries in terms of Section 151 of the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa as a local authority. As such the Constitution enjoins the Municipality to adhere to the objectives in accordance with Section 152 and the development within its boundaries in terms of Section 153.

The Municipality must exercise its rights and duties in terms of Section 4 of the Municipal Systems Act 32 of 2000 to ensure that the communities are consulted properly and that the needs are addressed. To fulfil these obligations the Municipality consulted the community annually to compile the master strategic plan (Integrated Development Plan).

The need for housing within the Municipality is currently critical and needs to be addressed. Some of the applicants are on a waiting list for a house since 2013. It is essential to ensure that these people on the backlog list be assisted to restore dignity and fulfil the obligations as a local authority. The consolidated respond of !Kheis Municipality on the comments from various individuals and organizations on the housing projects are as follows:

- 1. The purpose of the whole exercise is to obtain correct information from professionals to address the shortcomings and comply with legislation to render basic services to our communities.
- 2. That this Council adhere to the call of its poor residents to avail land for housing purpose.
- 3. The Technical reports will address the needs and will serve as business plans to obtain financial support from Government institutions.

4. To obey to the course of restoring dignity to poor people and correct the imbalances of the past.

	Comments Received on Draft Scoping Report				
		Interim Comment:	Respondent: EAP		
6	Date: 28 th August 2020 Format: Email Letter	SAHRA requires the draft EIA documents before further comments can be issued.	Noted, thank you. The draft EIR will be made available to SAHRA for comment.		
	I&AP: SAHRA	Should you have any further queries, please contact the designated official using the case number quoted above in the case header.			
		The July 2020 EnviroAfrica draft Scoping Report and Plan of Study for the above-mentioned development has reference.	Respondent: EAP		
7	Date: 1st October 2020 Format: Email Letter I&AP: Gariep Watch	Thank you for registering Gariep Watch as an Interested and Affected Party and incorporating our correspondence of 17 June 2020 in the draft Scoping Report. This letter highlighted our concerns that pertain to the lack of wastewater infrastructure and maintenance of existing infrastructure at the !Kheis local municipality.	Noted.		

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		We agree that housing is necessary to promote socioeconomic development and to provide the basic needs of the Brandboom community. However, the process of urbanization and population growth, if not handled carefully, may result in increased surface and ground water pollution towards the Orange River. Intensive urban growth far from job opportunities can also lead to greater poverty with local governments unable to provide services for all people.	Noted.
		Gariep Watch takes note of the assertion in paragraph 6.2 of the draft Scoping Report that sewer availability and the capacity thereof will be investigated to determine whether new sewerage infrastructure is required. We also agree with the conclusion that an EIA will be required, including specialist biodiversity and freshwater assessments. Our further comments pertaining to this application are as follows:	Noted. The Engineering Services Report, prepared by Bvi Consulting Engineers, will address the current state of the Wastewater Treatment Works (WWTWs) and make recommendations. A Botanical Impact Assessment and Freshwater Impact Assessment, as well as a Heritage Impact Assessment, will be included in the draft EIR which will be made available for comment to all registered I&APs.
		1. The proposed 550 erven on 49 hectares next to the Brandboom settlement straddles two drainage lines. Plot 1890 covers the upper 50% of a dry watercourse and Farm 142 overlays the two main branches of a dry watercourse. No alternative development sites away from drainage lines have been identified in the draft Scoping Report. Changes to the site layout should be considered.	Noted. Alternative layouts, incorporating environmentally sensitive areas (including watercourses identified by the Freshwater Specialist), will be included, and addressed in the draft EIR.
		2. These drainage lines close to a township development may be used for illegal dumping and ablutions with rainfall that washes pollutants to the nearest body of water, i.e. the Orange River. Stormwater contamination should be investigated with cognisance of the expected run-off from these catchments and new development areas. It should, however, be endeavoured to avoid any development close to watercourse.	 Illegal dumping was noted during the site visit. Illegal dumping will be addressed in the draft EIR. Mitigation measures regarding waste management will be addressed in the draft EIR and will also include recommendations made by Specialists.
		3. Raw sewerage is currently being disposed of in a dry watercourse next to the existing Brandboom settlement with the locality shown on Plate 1. Sewerage water mixes with stormwater run-off in an impoundment and overflows into the Orange River during rainfall events. Children also swim in this impoundment, which poses a serious risk to public health. The existing adverse impact pertaining to sewerage disposal should be addressed before embarking on any new developments.	Issues relating to water quality and sewerage infrastructure will be addressed in the draft EIR. A Freshwater Assessment, and Engineering Report detailing services infrastructure, will be included in the EIR.

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		Brandboom Primêre Skool Figure 1. Sewerage disposal site in drainage line.	
		4. Ground water quality down-slope from the proposed development and the existing settlement should be investigated. It is believed that, in the absence of adequate wastewater services at Brandboom, much sub-surface pollution may reach neighbouring boreholes. These down-slope boreholes are being used for irrigation, livestock watering and potable purposes and may pose a serious risk to public health.	Noted. Issues relating to water quality and sewerage infrastructure will be addressed in the draft EIR. A Freshwater Assessment, and Engineering Report detailing services infrastructure, will be included in the EIR.
		5. Paragraph 2.2.2 on p. 10 of the draft Scoping Report states that the proposed development will tie in with the existing services. It is put forward that the existing wastewater services are inadequate and are inefficiently maintained. New infrastructure should be designed, built and maintained to prevent any sewerage water from polluting the groundwater or Orange River.	5. Noted. Issues relating to water quality and sewerage infrastructure will be addressed in the draft EIR. A Freshwater Assessment, and Engineering Report detailing services infrastructure, will be included in the EIR. Moreover, the status of the existing WWTW, and proposed recommendations, will be included in the Engineering Services Report, which will be included in the draft EIR.
		6. River health indices as noted in Part 7.2 of the draft Scoping Report will not be feasible on the ephemeral drainage lines but could be	6. Noted. A Freshwater Impact Assessment will be included in the Draft EIR which will address issues related to water quality testing.

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		conducted in the Orange River up-stream and down-stream from the proposed development.	
		The Orange River is used for many purposes downstream from this development, including potable use by communities, often directly from the river and without treatment. All necessary measures must be put in place to prevent pollution from entering the Orange River.	Noted. Mitigation measures, as per the Specialist Reports and Environmental Management Programme (EMPr) will be included in the EIR.