

## SITE SENSITIVITY VERITIFICATION (SSV) REPORT

### <u>PROJECT DESCRIPTION</u>: STYR-KRAAL AGRICULTURAL DEVELOPMENT: PROPOSED STYR-KRAAL AGRICULTURAL DEVELOPMENT ON THE REMAINING EXTENT OF PORTION 0 OF FARM STYR-KRAAL, FARM NO. 81, POFADDER, KHÂI-MA LOCAL MUNICIPALITY, NAMAKWA DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY

### **INTRODUCTION:**

This Site Sensitivity Verification (SSV) Report was undertaken in terms of the *Protocols for the Assessment and Minimum Criteria for Reporting on identified Environmental Themes* (referred to "the Protocols" hereafter) as per Government Notice No. 320 (published in Government Gazette No. 43110 on 20 March 2020)<sup>1</sup>. These Protocols, effected as on the 9<sup>th</sup> May 2020, must be complied with for every new application submitted after the effective date. According to the Protocols, the EAP must verify the current use of the proposed site for development as well as the site's environmental sensitivity, in accordance with the DEA Screening Tool (Appendix E – DEA Screening Tool), to determine the need for specialist inputs in relation to the themes (and proposed specialist assessments) included in the Protocols.

#### **METHODOLOGY:**

The Site Sensitivity Veritification (SSV) report was compiled based on desktop studies [including Biodiversity Spatial Plan, vegetation maps (Vegetation map of SA (Mucina & Rutherford, 2006)), NFEPA, land-use map, google earth imagery, historical imagery, and QGIS), specialist input (Botanical, Freshwater, and Heritage inputs) in combination with a site visit to investigate, identify, and evaluate potential impacts, associated with the proposed development, on the receiving environment (namely the proposed site for development). The SSV report was compiled by the EAP (Mr Anthony Mader).

#### AIM OF THE SSV REPORT:

The aim of the SSV Report is to;

- Verify land use and theme sensitivities as identified by the DEA Screening Tool;
- Confirm or disconfirm the need for a particular specialist assessment(s) as indicated by the DEA Screening Tool; and
- Should the need for a specialist assessment be challenged, provide a motivatation as to why the proposed a particular theme(s) is not applicable to the proposed development.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The Protocols are in line with Section 24(5)(a) and (h) and Section 44 of the National Environmental Management Act (NEMA), 1998 (Act No. 107 of 1998).

<u>Please note:</u> that this SSV report must be read in combination with the Draft Scoping Report as well as applicable specialist reports. This will aid in contexulizing the transformed / disturbed status of the proposed site for development. Please refer to the Draft Scoping Report for more information.

### SITE DESCRIPTION:

The Schamboua Trust is proposing the development of the Styr-Kraal Agricultural Development, and associated infrastructure, on Remaining Extent of Portion 0 of Farm Styr-Kraal, Farm No. 81, Pofadder, situated within Ward 1 of the Khâi-Ma Local Municipality, Namakwa District Municipality (Figure 1). The total area to be developed measures approximately 155 (one hundred and fifty-five) hectares. The site is located approximately 51km north of Pofadder at the following co-ordinates: 28°40'39.90"S; 19°31'2.93"E. The proposed agricultural development graphical represents the constituents of the proposed development (Figure 1).









Figure 2. Overview of characteristics associated with the proposed site for development.



Figure 3. Overview of characteristics associated with the proposed site for development.



Table 1. Themes and associated sensitivity as per the DEA Screening Tool.

No	Theme	DEA	Agree /	Proposed	Motivation
NO	Ineme	Sensitivity	Disagree	Sensitivity	Wollvation
1	Agriculture Theme	Very High Sensitivity	Agree	Very High Sensitivity	The proposed development is for the development of approximately 142ha of cropland (namely grapes and dates). Therefore, this project is in line with the high sensitivity. Although the site was previously cultivated, the project will promote agriculture within the area. The proposed development is required to ensure the long-term economic viability and sustainability of the production of grapes and dates. Moreover, the proposed dam will ensure a reliable water supply for irrigation. Various climatic drivers, namely higher temperatures and drier conditions further exacerbate the impact of drought events on the agricultural sector <sup>2</sup> , which require careful planning and adequate responses to sustain and grow the sector. In this area, the agricultural industry depends on water abstracted from the Orange River for irrigation. Furthermore, the proposed development is in line with the land capability and pivot irrigation as highlighted in the DEA Screening Tool. Thus, this project is in line with the Agricultural Theme Sensitivity.
2	Animal Species Theme	Medium Sensitivity	Disagree	Low Sensitivity	As per the DEA Screening Tool, the animal species sensitivity was associated with the rocky outcrops (Figure 4). It must be note that the rocky outcrops occur outside of the proposed development footprint. Rocky outcrops are prominent geological features present in agricultural landscape where the need to conserve these rocky outcrops presents a gap in literature <sup>3</sup> . Rocky outcrops may also create potential refugia for animals amid climate change <sup>4</sup> . Therefore, specific rocky outcrop management actions may be required which includes the protection of rocky outcrops from anthropogenic activities which may negatively impact the microhabitat of rockys present in the outcrops. Potential impacts will be addressed. No animal species were observed during the site visit.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Zscheischler, J., Martius, O., Westra, S., Bevacqua, E., Raymond, C., Horton, R.M., van den Hurk, B., AghaKouchak, A., Jézéquel, A., Mahecha, M.D. and Maraun, D. 2020. A typology of compound weather and climate events. Nature reviews earth & environment, pp.1-15.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Michael DR, Lindenmayer DB, Cunningham RB. Managing rock outcrops to improve biodiversity conservation in Australian agricultural landscapes. *Ecological Management & Restoration*. 2010 Apr;11(1):43-50. <sup>4</sup> García MB, Domingo D, Pizarro M, Font X, Gómez D, Ehrlén J. Rocky habitats as microclimatic refuges for biodiversity. A close-up thermal approach. *Environmental and Experimental Botany*. 2020 Feb 1;170:103886.

					<image/>	
3	Aquatic Biodiversity Theme	Very High Sensitivity	Disagree	High Sensitivity	A portion of the proposed development, namely the area proposed for date production, is located within a wetland and in close proximity to a non-perennial watercourse (north of the proposed development). The proposed abstraction point (28°40'11.07"S; 19°29'33.32"E) is also located within the Orange River. A Freshwater Assessment was undertaken due to the need for a (i) WUA, and (ii) to determine the potential impact of the proposed development on the watercourse. During the site visit, no saturated areas or vegetation charactertistic of a wetland, were observed.	
4	Archaeological and Cultural	Low Sensitivity	Agree	Low Sensitivity	As per the HIA (appended to Draft Scoping Report), no archaeological or heritage resources were recorded within the development footprint. Therefore, it is agreed that the site has a low Archaeological and Cultural Heritage sensitivity.	

	Heritage					
	Theme					
4	Civil Aviation Theme	High Sensitivity	Disagree	Low Sensitivity	Although the site is located within 8km of a civil aviation aerodome, the nature of the proposed development (i.e.agricultural development) is highly unlikely to impact any civil aviation activities as the nature of the proposed development is in line with surrounding land uses (i.e. agriculture to the north and south of the proposed site).	
5	Defence	Low	Agroo	Low	There are no defence related structures or zones on the site or within close proximity to the site. Therefore, it is	
5	Theme	Sensitivity	Agree	Sensitivity	envisaged that the proposed development will not impact on any defence related theme.	
	Paleontological Theme	Medium Sensitivity	Disagree	Low Sensitivity	As per the SAHRIS Paleontological Online Map Tool ( <u>https://sahris.sahra.org.za/map/palaeo</u> ), the proposed site is situated within an area of low paleontological significance (represented as green and grey in Figure 5). Therefore, it is envisaged that the proposed development is unlikely to impact any paleonotological features.	

					However, findings from the Paleontological desktop study (appended to Draft Scoping Report) shows that the Palaeontological Sensitivity of the Kalahari Group is moderate while that of the Daberas Granodiorite and Schuitdrift Gneiss is zero and that the proposed impact on the Paleontological Theme is classified as low.
6	Plant Species Theme	Medium Sensitivity	Disagree	Low Sensitivity	As per Figures 2 and 3, the site may be characterized as having a disturbed and sparse vegetation structure. Therefore, it is envisaged that the proposed development is highly unlikely to impact any plant spcies of conservational value. However, due to the size of the proposed development, a Botanical Impact Assessment will be conducted.
7	Terrestrial Biodiversity Theme	Very High Sensitivity	Disagree	High Sensitivity	Please refer to "Animal Species Theme". Please note that a Botanical Impact Assessment will be conducted.

 Table 2. Specialist assessments identified as per the DEA Screening Tool.

N	Proposed Specialist Assessment	Verification of Site Sensitivity And Motivation On The Need For Specialist Investigation	Will the specialist study be conducted?	
1	Landscape/ Visual Impact Assessment	The nature of the proposed development (i.e. agricultural development) is in line with surrounding land uses (namely agricultural developments located to the north and south pf the proposed site) and will therefore, not be a novel visual impact. Therefore, it is envisaged that a Visual Impact Assessment will not be required.	No. It is envisaged that a Landscape/VisualImpactAssessmentAssessmentassessment will not required.	
2	Archaeological and Cultural Heritage Impact Assessment (HIA)	<ul> <li>As per section 38 of the National Heritage Resources Act, 1999 (Act 25 of 1999), and more specifically section</li> <li>38. (1) (c) - any development or other activity which will change the character of a site-</li> <li>(i) exceeding 5 000 m<sup>2</sup> in extent;</li> </ul> The proposed development footprint is comprised of disturbed land. A Heritage Impact Assessment (appended to Draft Scoping Report) has been undertaken. As per the HIA, no archaeological sites, features or resources were identified within the proposed development footprint. This includes a full Paleontological desktop study.	A Heritage Impact Assessment and full paleontological desktop study was conducted.	

		A full Paleontological desktop study was undertaken where the Palaeontological Sensitivity of the Kalahari	A Heritage Impact Assessment and
	Dela secto la chesta del secto		<b>-</b> .
3	Palaeontological Impact	Group is moderate while that of the Daberas Granodiorite and Schuitdrift Gneiss is zero. Results obtained	full paleontological desktop study was
	Assessment	from the desktop study shows that the proposed development will have a low impact on the paleontological	conducted.
		resources. No mitigation measures are required.	
4	Terrestrial Biodiversity	No animals were noted on site during the site visit. A Botanical Study will be conducted. Therefore, it is	A Botanical Assessment will be
-	Assessment	envisaged that the proposed development is highly unlikely to impact any plant spcies of conservational value.	conducted.
5	Aquatic Biodiversity	As per the DEA Screening Tool, the Aquatic Biodiversity Theme is classified as Very High. A Freshwater	A Freshwater Assessment will be
5	Impact Assessment	Assessment will be conducted.	conducted.
6	Hydrological	Please see comment above.	
0	Assessment	riease see comment above.	
		All comments received from I&APs will be addressed and responded to by the relevant personnel, namely	No, it is envisaged that a socio-
7	Socio-economic	the EAP, Applicant, and/ or Specialists. Conditions and measures will be implemented to mitigate any impacts	economic assessment will not
<i>'</i>	Assessment	on socioeconomic development within the area and surrounds. Therefore, it is envisaged that a Socio-	required.
		economic Assessment will not be required. Please refer to the Draft Scoping Report for more information.	
		Although the Plant Species Theme was classified as Medium (see DEA Screening Tool), a Botanical	Yes, a Botanical Assessment was
	Plant Species	Assessment will be conducted. The proposed site is located within the Lower Gariep Alluvial Vegetation type	conducted.
8	•	and Lower Gariep Broken Veld vegetation type, vegetation types classified as Least Threatneed. During the	
	Assessment	site visit, the vegetation structure may be described as disturbed, sparse vegetation. Therefore, it is envisaged	
		that the proposed development is highly unlikely to impact any plant spcies of conservational value.	
		No animals were noted on site during the site visit however, conditions and measures will be addressed and	No, it is envisaged that an Animal
		stipulated in the Draft EIR and EMPr to mitigate potential impact(s) of the proposed development on animal	Species Assessment will not
9	Animal Species	species. This will include the management of rocky outcrops and conducting earth moving activities in phases	required.
	Assessment	(to enable any animal species which may be present to move away from the area and to reduce soil erosion).	
		Therefore, it is envisaged that no Animal Species Assessment will be required.	
4.0		Although the site is located within 8km of a civil aviation aerodome, the nature of the proposed development	No, it is envisaged that a Civil Aviation
10	Civil Aviation	(i.e.agricultural development) is highly unlikely to impact any civil aviation activities as the nature of the	assessment will not required.
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		proposed development is in line with surrounding land uses (i.e. agriculture to the north and south of the	
		proposed site).	
		There are no defence related structures or zones on the site / within close proximity to the site. Due to the	No, it is envisaged that a Defence
11	Defence	nature of the proposed project, i.e. Agricultural Development, it is envisaged that the proposed expansion will	assessment will not required.
		not impact any defence-related activities.	



Please do not hesitate to contact me should you require any further information or clarity on the above.

Best Regards,

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